RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

DUE TO HAZARDS TO NONTARGET SPECIES

For retail sale and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification.

FIFRA SECTION 24(c) SPECIAL LOCAL NEED LABEL

For Distribution and Use Only in the State of Montana

ZP® RODENT OAT BAIT AG

MONTANA STATE REGISTRATION EPA Reg. No. 12455-102 EPA SLN NO. MT-24-0003

This product may only be used to control Richardson ground squirrels and Columbian ground squirrels.

Only for Uses and Application Methods on this 24(c) SLN Label

This label valid until **December 31, 2026**, or until otherwise amended, withdrawn, canceled, or suspended.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT	
Zinc Phosphide CAS# 1314-84-7	 2.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	 98.0%
TOTAL	 100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

24(c) Registrant:



Bell Laboratories, Inc. 3699 Kinsman Blvd. Madison, WI 53704

EPA EST. NO. 12455-WI-1^k EPA EST. NO. 12455-WI-2^p EPA EST. NO. 12455-WI-3^w [superscript is first letter of the lot number]

FIRST AID	
If Swallowed:	 Call a poison control center, doctor, or 1-877-854-2494 immediately for treatment advice, or transport the person to the nearest hospital. DO NOT DRINK WATER. Do not administer anything by mouth or induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
If on Skin or Clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center, doctor, or 1-877-854-2494 immediately for treatment advice.
If Inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center, doctor, or 1-877-854-2494 immediately for treatment advice.
If in Eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center, doctor, or 1-877-854-2494 immediately for treatment advice.

HAVE LABEL WHEN OBTAINING TREATMENT ADVICE

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN OR VETERINARIAN

Contains the phosphine-producing active, Zinc Phosphide. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. For animals ingesting bait and/or showing poisoning signs, induce vomiting by using hydrogen peroxide. Sodium bicarbonate can be given orally to neutralize the stomach acidity. The stomach and intestinal tract can be evacuated, oxygen administered, and cardiac and circulatory stimulants given.

TREATMENT FOR PET POISONING

If an animal eats this bait, call a veterinarian, or 1-877-854-2494 at once.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Keep away from humans, domestic animals, and pets. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin, inhaled, or in eyes. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contamination of feed or foodstuffs. Avoid contact with acids. Wash all utensils, spoons, or measuring devices thoroughly after using.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

All handlers, including loaders and anyone who applies bait and retrieves carcasses and unused bait, must wear waterproof gloves.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing them. As soon as possible, wash hands thoroughly after applying bait and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet, and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is extremely toxic to mammals, birds, and other wildlife. Dogs, cats and scavenging mammals and birds might be poisoned if they feed upon animals that have eaten this bait. Do not apply directly to water or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Do not allow bait to be exposed on soil surface. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate.

PHYSICAL-CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use with or store near any oxidizing agents.

ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSIDERATION

Notice: The use of this product may pose a hazard to Federally designated endangered/ threatened species. It is a Federal offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of a member of an endangered species. Consult the nearest U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service regional office or the appropriate State Agency for current information on habitats occupied by endangered species.

Whooping Crane (*Grus americana*). Do not use this product in habitats occupied or occasionally visited by whooping cranes during the period from 30 days before the expected arrival of cranes to 30 days after the time of their usual departure.

Black-footed Ferret (*Mustela nigripes*). Do not use this product within 7 kilometers (4.34 miles) of any prairie dog town to limit risks to the black-footed ferret from exposure to Zinc Phosphide or destruction of its prey base, unless the colony is an isolated black-tailed prairie dog town less than 80 acres in size or an isolated white-tailed prairie dog town less than 200 acres in size, or unless the town had been appropriately surveyed, using methods acceptable to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and found by the FWS not to be suitable site for ferret reintroductions.

Gray Wolf (*Canis lupus***) and Grizzly Bear (***Ursus actos horribilus***).** Unless the local U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service office has determined that there are no gray wolves or grizzly bears in the general vicinity of bait applications in Montana and Wyoming, do not apply this product outdoors within occupied habitat of these species.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This label and the federal label for this product must be in possession of the user at the time of pesticide application. Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the SLN label and the main EPA registered label.

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of Richardson's ground squirrels (*Spermophilus richardii*) and Columbian ground squirrels (*Urocitellus columbianus*) only. Product must not be applied on roads, near residential or public use areas or over water.

- Apply bait only once per season at a time when ground squirrels show good acceptance of grains.
- Do not apply if rain is forecast within 2 days after bait application.

HAND BAITING:

Apply bait only to bare ground withing 3 ft. of ground squirrel burrow entrances in rangeland, pastures, alfalfa, wheat, oats, barley, and adjacent noncrop areas.

Pretreatment: Do no apply bait unless tests with untreated oats show good acceptance of grains by ground squirrels in areas to be treated.

Prebaiting (Strongly Recommended): Scatter one teaspoon of nontoxic oats on bare ground near all active ground squirrel burrows in the treatment area. Do not apply toxic bait until nontoxic prebait is consumed. Prebaiting has been shown to increase acceptance of toxic bait by the target ground squirrel species.

Baiting: Use an appropriately calibrated bait dipper to apply bait at 4 grams (one teaspoon) per active burrow. Scatter bait evenly on bare ground near burrow entrance. Do not place bait in piles or pour down the burrow entrance.

BROADCAST BAITING:

Apply only to rangeland and adjacent noncrop areas. Do no broadcast bait on sites where ground cover is greater than 50 percent where squirrels will not find sufficient bait to be effective.

Pretreatment: Do not apply bait unless tests with untreated oats show good acceptance of grains by ground squirrels in the areas treated.

Prebaiting (Strongly Recommended): Broadcast 3 to 6 pounds of nontoxic oats per swath acre 2 to 3 days prior to applying toxic bait. Prebaiting has been shown to increase acceptance of the toxic bait by the target ground squirrel species.

Baiting: Broadcast 3 to 6 pounds of toxic bait per swath acre, not to exceed 6 pounds of bait per acre. Use the higher rates on sites with denser vegetative growth. An untreated interval varying from 20 feet but not to exceed 100 feet may be left between baited swaths depending on the density of ground cover. Apply the toxic bait swaths to the same sites that prebait was applied.

12-13-2021